

71 SD 4 027 | Revision: 1.2 | 25 October 2017

## **Scope of application:**

This document is intended for laboratories in the fields of consumer protection, agricultural sector, chemistry and environment, veterinary medicine and pharmaceutics. It contains guidance and examples for an implemented program for inspection and functional checks of testing equipment of laboratories as required by DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. The indicated periods (intervals) are based on experience and shall therefore be treated as a recommendation.

Date of confirmation by the advisory accreditation board: 10/06/2017



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The document 71 SD 4 027 of revision 1.1, confirmed on 02/08/2014, was fundamentally revised. Due to the extensive changes and to preserve readability, highlighting the changes was forgone.

### 1 Purpose

In testing laboratories in the above fields, measurement uncertainty is usually established by means of the overall procedure. In light of the proportion of the measurement uncertainty resulting from calibration with regard to a relevant measured variable, it may usually be assumed that it does not make a significant contribution to the overall measurement uncertainty, e.g. for mass and temperature. In this case, proof of feedback does not have to be provided (DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025, ILAC P 10). This means that it is not necessary to apply calibration procedures (as defined in 71 SD 0 005) for functional checks of testing equipment.

Usually, measurement standards are used for functional checks. A working standard (most significant representation of the SI device in the testing laboratory) must have proof of metrological feedback (feedback certificate) complying with the requirements of the regulation 71 SD 0 005. The laboratory may define/deduce additional working standards for a measured variable if applicable by aligning them with the working standard having a feedback certificate (without using a calibration procedure). It uses working standards to check the testing equipment. Figure 1 illustrates the procedure.

If the contribution of calibration to the overall measuring certainty is not negligible in an exceptional case, rule 71 SD 0 005 may be applied beyond the working standard. In such cases, calibration procedures must be used for the functional checks.

The decision about intervals established on obtaining feedback certificates of working standards is the laboratories' responsibility and is not addressed in this guidance document. Likewise, the inspections of testing equipment before its initial use required by DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 are not addressed hereunder.



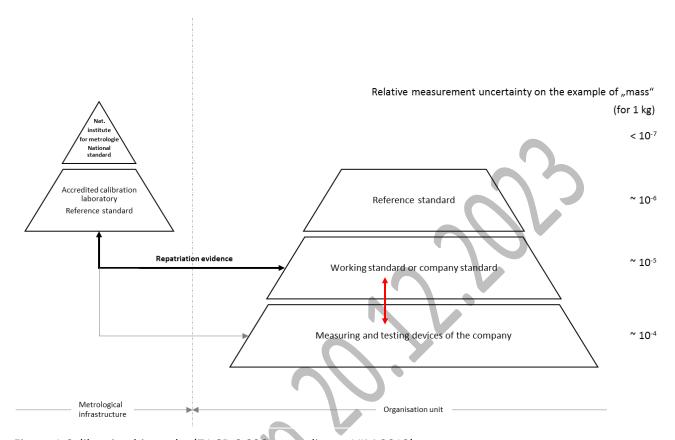


Figure 1 Calibration hierarchy (71 SD 0 006; according to VIM 2012)

If reference materials are used, designation of their measurement uncertainty is of vital importance. This contribution may not be disregarded in the overall measurement uncertainty. Wherever possible, laboratories should use certified reference materials by competent manufacturers.

DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 requires that the laboratory must have an implemented and documented program for the inspection/functional check of its devices. Such program must describe

- the respective procedure,
- tolerances and
- the frequency of inspections/functional checks

These procedures must provide unambiguous specifications for the case in which the checked device shows results outside of the tolerance limit.

The following table contains examples for measures and frequencies which might be included in such program. They are not exhaustive and do not include all requirements for monitoring of testing equipment possibly set down in standards or equivalent documents (e.g. AQM data sheets; VDI). If the field of activity of the laboratory calls for further/additional requirements, it shall comply with

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such requirements (e.g. requirements of GLP or GMP for examinations of medications or pharmaceutically active substances). The frequencies (periods, intervals) quoted in this guidance document are based on experience. The frequencies to be determined by the laboratory vary depending on the frequency of use, usage provisions, setup characteristics, etc. **The laboratory bears the sole responsibility for such determination.** 

Before start-up of any equipment first used in the laboratory, an appropriate initial inspection must be performed.

#### 2 Terms

reference material

Measurement standard Realisation of a definition of a dimension, with a stated quantity valued

and associated measurement uncertainty, used as a reference

(International Vocabulary of Metrology, VIM 2012, 5.1)

Reference standard Measurement standard for calibration of other measurement standards

for a kind of quantity in an organisation or a location (VIM 2012, 5.6)

Working standard Measurement standard used routinely to calibrate or verify measuring

devices or measuring systems

(VIM 2012, 5.7)

Reference material Material, sufficiently homogeneous and stable with respect to one or more

specific properties, which has been established to be fit for its intended use

in a measurement process (DIN EN ISO 17034:2017)

Certified Reference material characterised by a metrological valid procedure for one

or more specified properties, accompanied by a reference material certifi-

cate that provides the value of the specified property, its associated uncer-

tainty, and a statement of metrological traceability (DIN EN ISO 17034:2017)

Reference Material, substance, item or micro-organism with known attributes

which is checked for fulfilment of a requirement on testing equipment <u>as</u>

defined in this document



## 3 Description

No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
1.a	Mass	Scales	Loading a working standard with a known and unchanging mass  Check-up with higher-value working standard in various weighing ranges, alternatively: Maintenance by the manufacturer or service provider	On each day of use Annually
1.b	Mass	Test weights (working standards: Unit weights, suitable weights)	Comparison with a suitable working standard	Annually
1.c	Mass or vol- ume	Air displacement pipettes digital burettes dispensers; dilutors	Gravimetric check	Semi-annually
1.d	Mass or vol- ume	Automatic pipettes including automatic micro-titer plate pipettes	Check-up by the manufacturer or service provider or according to the manufacturer's instructions	Semi-annually

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No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
2.a	Temperature	Thermometers (liquid glass thermometers incl. min/max, electronic thermometers, temperature loggers, temperature sensors, display thermometers)	Check-up by comparison with a suitable working standard	2 years
2.b	Temperature	Drying cabinets heating cabinets water quenches with thermometers	Actual temperature/temperature control	On each day of use
2.c	Temperature	Refrigerators/refrigera- tion rooms Deep-freeze cabi- nets/rooms; ultralow freezers	Actual temperature/temperature control	On each day of use or weekly
2.d	Temperature and moisture	Air-conditioned rooms/chambers Emission testing cabinets	Actual temperature/temperature control and actual humidity control	On each day of use
2.e	Temperature	Incubators/incubation rooms Incubators	Actual temperature/temperature control	Continuously over the period of incubation
			Additionally for anaerobic incubators: Check-up of anaerobic conditions	During each check-up



No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
2.f	Temperature	Annealing furnaces Muffle furnace	Check-up by means of a suitable reference	Annually
2.g	Temperature and reference	Hot-air steriliser	Indicators and T recorders or T loggers suitable for hot-air sterilisers  Functional check (sterility check) by means of bioindicators	Per batch
				Semi-annually
2.h	Temperature and reference	Autoclaves	Indicators and recorders or loggers suitable for autoclaves for pressure, temperature and time	Per batch
			Functional check (sterility check) by means of bioindicators	Semi-annually
2.i	Temperature	Heating blocks	Actual temperature control	Annually
<b>2.</b> j	Temperature and reference	Thermal cyclers Block cyclers	Indirect functional check, e.g. by applying a suitable reference strain/material	On each day of use
2.k	Temperature and reference	Real-time cyclers	For plate systems (e.g. 96-well plate) exclusion of boundary effects by means of homogeneous same sample over all cavities with the channels used for diagnostics	Annually
3.a	Volume or density of liquids	Araeometer Butyrometer	Visually for damage	On each day of use



No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
3.b	Volume	Plate casting units	Check filling volume	Semi-annually
4	Density liquids	Oscillation-type density meters (DIN EN ISO 15212-1)	Determination of density of water or any other usually used matrix	On each day of use
5	Pressure	Barometers Manometers Hygrometers	Comparison with a working standard	3 years
6	Time	Mechanical clocks Mechanical chronome- ters	Comparison with PTB time server (https://uhr.ptb.de/)	Annually
7	Gas or water volume per time	Water meters Gas meters	Comparison with a working standard	Annually
8.a	Length	Scanning electron microscope (SEM)	Comparison with a working standard	Semi-annually
8.b	Length	Transmission electron microscope (TEM)	Comparison with a working standard	Semi-annually
9	Viscosity	Viscometers	Test oil with manufacturer's certificate	Annually



No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
10	Reference	Photometers	Measuring of independent control solution	With each series of analyses
			Testing of wavelength accuracy and photometric accuracy with appropriate references (e.g. filters, solutions)	Annually
11	Reference	Polarimeters	Check-up with appropriate reference (e.g. sucrose concentration series)	Annually
12	Reference	ELISA readers	Use of a device-specific validation plate	Annually
13	Reference	pH meters	Check-up within the range to be expected with pH buffers, if applicable, adjustment with two pH buffers and back measurement with third buffer; the buffers used for the check-up must cover the whole working range	On each day of use
14	Reference	Conductivity meters	Check-up with at least one KCI standard in the range to be expected using the temperature compensation	On each day of use
15	Length or reference	Test sieves for determi- nation of particle sizes for sampling in the envi- ronmental field	Visual inspection and sieving with standard sand according to DIN 3310 (for test sieves for which no standard sand is available: Testing with precision jet gauge or use of a set of reference sieves)	Annually



No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
16	Reference	Liquid chromatographic devices	Measuring of independent control solution	With each series of analyses
		general LC specific:	Calibration within the working range	Independently decided by the laboratory
		e.g. HPLC-MS, -FLD, -DAD;	Determination of sensitivity/blank value	Independently decided by the la-
		IC-CD, -UV;	e.g. control of the vacuum and the mass tunes (transmission of ion optics),	boratory
			flows and detector signal quantity, constancy of temperature of the column oven	
17	Reference	Gas chromatographs general	Measuring of independent control solution	With each series of analyses
		GC specific:	Calibration within the working range	Independently decided by the laboratory
		e.g.	Determination of sensitivity/blank value	,
		GC-MS, -WLD, -ECD, -FID,		Independently decided by the la-
		-NPD, -PID;	e.g. control of the vacuum, gas flow and the mass tunes (transmission	boratory
		GC Headspace, Purge &	of ion optics), the temperature program and detector signal quantity,	
		Trap	incubator (e.g. incubator shaker, thermistor, heating block, etc.)	
18	Reference	Portable FID/PID	Check-up with calibration gas	Annually
			Zero adjustment	On each day of use and if necessary in the unloaded range
19	Reference	DC	Standards/reference substances in the examination procedure	With each examination procedure or sequence



No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
20	Reference	AAS general	Measuring of independent control solution, calibration within the working range	With each series of analyses
		AAS specific:	Determination of sensitivity/blank value	Independently decided by the la-
		e.g.		boratory
		Flame, graphite furnace,	e.g. gas flows, temperature, dosage flows	
		hybrid, cold vapour AAS		Independently decided by the laboratory
21	Reference	IPC general	Measuring of independent control solution, calibration within the working	With each series of analyses
		IDC anacific	range	Independently decided by the la
		IPC specific: e.g.	Calibration within the working range	Independently decided by the laboratory
		-OES, -MS	Cambration within the working range	boratory
		0 = 0,0	Determination of sensitivity/blank value	Independently decided by the la-
			e.g. control of the vacuum, gas flow, wave length accuracy and the	boratory
			mass tunes (transmission of ion optics)	
22	Reference	GDMS, GDOS, spark	Functional check: Measurement of standards/reference substances	With each series of analyses
		emission spectrometers		
23	Reference	Optical spectrometers	S/N or band intensity plus wavelength accuracy or band condition plus	Annually
		IR-, FT-IR-, RAMAN spec-	optical resolution or full width at half maximum (use of appropriate ref-	
		tometers	erences)	
24	Reference	NMR spectrometers	Sensitivity, line shape	Quarterly



No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
25	Reference	X-ray fluorescence ana- lyser	Measurement of reference substances	On each day of use
26	Reference	X-ray diffraction (XRD)	Position of lines and intensity	Monthly
27	Reference	Energy dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDX)	Energy resolution	Semi-annually
28	Reference	Micro probes or WDX systems	Line position per spectrometer crystal by means of a calibration standard	Semi-annually
29	Reference	Electron spectroscopy systems (XPS, ESCA)	Energy resolution and linearity of the energy axis; Sputtering rate	Quarterly
30	Reference	Secondary ion mass spectrometry (SIMS)	Mass resolution in the relevant mass range and space resolution	Quarterly
31	Reference	Hg porosimeters	Reference material for pore radial distribution	Quarterly
32	Reference	Gas adsorption measur- ing systems (e.g. BET)	Reference material (specific surface and radial pore distribution)	Quarterly
33	Reference	Clean benches	Microbiological check-up by means of air settlement plates (sedimentation)	Weekly
34	Reference	Spiral platers	Checking dispensing volume	Monthly
			Depending on the model: Checking for carry-over (e.g. by blank samples)	Manufacturer's recommendation



No.	To be exam- ined	Type of device/item	Measures	Recommended period
35	Reference	Air samplers	Checking of suction volume/time unit	Annually
36	Reference	Electrophoresis devices	Check-up of levelling	On each day of use
37	Reference	Colony count devices	Plausibility check	On each day of use
38	Reference	Nucleic acid isolation and filtration system with au- tomated PCR sample preparation (robot)	Check-up by means of manufacturer kits or reference strain/material	Extent and time interval according to the information provided by the manufacturer
39	Reference	Next Generation Sequencing and SNP typification platforms	The instruments can be monitored by means of appropriate monitoring programs (e.g. evaluation of read lengths, quality parameters of data analysis software, confirmation of analysis data by other methods if such data are generated anyway). The results of regularly analysed checking samples may also be used for monitoring devices.	Independently decided by the laboratory
40	Reference	Oxygen measurement devices for sampling in the envi-	Check-up with a 100% air-saturated measuring medium, alternatively check-up in water vapour-saturated air for water analytics	On each day of use
41	Reference	Gas measurement equipment for permanent gases	Check-up with calibration gas	Annually
42	Reference	Metal detectors	Functional check	On each day of use
43	Reference	Redox measurement equipment	Check-up within the range to be expected with redox buffers	On each day of use



## 4 Further applicable documents

71 SD 0 005 Data sheet on metrological feedback within the scope of accreditation procedures

71 SD 0 006 Feedback of measurement and testing equipment to national measurement standards

